# Peru - Huancayo Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)



**FACT SHEET** 

The Peru – Huancayo GYTS includes data on prevalence of A two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, environmental tobacco smoke exposure (ETS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Peru could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Peru - Huancayo GYTS was a school-based survey of students in secondary grades 2-4, conducted in 2000.

representative data for all of Huancayo. At the first stage, schools were selected with

probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 100%, the student response rate was 92.4%, and the overall response rate was 92.4%. A total of 1351 students participated in the Peru - Huancayo GYTS.

#### **Prevalence**

48.8% of students had ever smoked cigarettes

20.9% currently use any tobacco product

16.7% currently smoke cigarettes

7.9% currently use other tobacco products

31.4% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

# Knowledge and Attitudes

13.4% think boys and 12.6% think girls who smoke have more friends

10.7% think boys and 9.7% think girls who smoke look more attractive

49.9% think smoke from others is harmful to them

# Access and Availability - Current Smokers

9.3% usually smoke at home

58.8% buy cigarettes in a store

85.4% who bought cigarettes in a store were NOT refused purchase because of their age

#### **Environmental Tobacco Smoke**

22.8% live in homes where others smoke

34.4% are around others who smoke in places outside their home

89.3% think smoking should be banned from public places

45.1% have one or more parents who smoke

10.5% have most or all friends who smoke

### Cessation - Current Smokers

75.1% want to stop smoking

68.0% tried to stop smoking during the past year

71.0% have ever received help to stop smoking

# Media and Advertising

43.1% saw a lot of anti-smoking media messages

26.4% saw a lot of pro-cigarette smoking media messages

12.0% have an object with a cigarette brand logo

11.7% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

### School

46.5% had been taught about the dangers of smoking in class during the past year

42.9% had discussed reasons why people their age smoke in class during the past year

36.0% had been taught the effects of tobacco use in class

#### Collaborative study WHO/TFI-CDC-CEDRO



# **Highlights**

- Current cigarette smoking is moderately high; use of other tobacco products is low.
- Almost 1/3 of never smokers are likely to start smoking this year.
- 3/4 of smokers want to stop.
- About 9 in 10 students think smoking should be banned in public places.
- ETS exposure is very high almost half of parents smoke.
- 4 in 10 students saw a lot of antismoking media messages; only 2 in 10 saw a lot of pro-cigarette smoking media messages.

#### Recommendations

- It is necessary to reinforce Legislation that bans smoking in public places.
- A youth cessation program is needed.
- Effective tobacco use prevention curricula needs to be accessible to more students.